

CERTIFIED COPY

Of a document filed with the

CAROL PREST

### CONSTITUTION

**BC Society • Societies Act** 

#### **CIRCUSWEST PERFORMING ARTS SOCIETY** NAME OF SOCIETY:

Province of British Columbia Registrar of Companies Incorporation Number: **Business Number:** Filed Date and Time:

S0019800 11928 1426 BC0001 December 2, 2016 10:58 AM Pacific Time

The name of the Society is CIRCUSWEST PERFORMING ARTS SOCIETY

The purposes of the Society are:

1. The society's purpose is to develop skills, confidence and passion in young people, circus artists and enthusiasts through training and performance in circus arts.

#### BC REGISTRIES AND ONLINE SERVICES

Incorporation Number S0019800

Of a document filed with the Province of British Columbia Registrar of Companies

CAROL PREST



# **Bylaws**

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

### Contents

CircusWest Bylaws	
Part 1. Interpretation	8
1.1 Definitions	8
1 .2 Society Act Definitions	9
1.3 Plural and Singular Forms	9
Part 2 Membership	9
2.1 Membership	9
2.2 Classes of Membership	9
2.3 Voting Members	9
2.4 Life Members	
2.5 Non-Voting Members	
2.6 Application for Membership	
2.7 Membership not Transferable	
2.8 Term of Membership	
2.9 Renewal and Reapplication of Membership	11
2.10 Dues	11
2.11 Standing of Members	
2.12 Compliance with Constitution, Bylaws and Policies	11
2.13 Expulsion and Discipline of Member	
2.14 Cessation of Membership	
Part 3. Meetings of Members	
3.1 Time and Place of General Meetings	
3.2 Extraordinary General Meeting	
3.3 Calling of Extraordinary General Meeting	
3.4 Notice of General Meeting	
3.5 Contents of Notice	
3.6 Omission of Notice	
3.7 Annual General Meetings	
Part 4. Proceedings at General Meetings	
4.1 Business required at AGM	
4.2 Requirement of Quorum	
4.3 Quorum	

4.4 Lack of Quorum	
4.5 Loss of Quorum	14
4.6 Chair	14
4.7 Alternate Chair	14
4.8 Adjournment	14
4.9 Notice of Adjournment	14
4.10 Ordinary Resolution Sufficient	14
4.11 Entitlement to Vote	14
4.12 Decisions by Show of Hands, Voice Vote or Secret Ballot	15
4.13 Voting by Proxy	15
4.14 Members Resolutions in Writing	15
4.15 Special Resolutions to be filed with the Registrar	15
Part 5. Directors	
5.1 Powers of Directors	15
5.2 Management of Property and Affairs	15
5.3 Directors Subscribe to and Support Purposes	15
5.4 Composition of Board	
5.5 Invalidation of Acts	
5.6 Eligibility of Directors	
5.7 Election of Directors	
5.8 Term of Office	
5.9 Consecutive Terms and Term Limits	
5.10 Transition	
5.11 Election by Acclamation	
5.12 Election by Secret Ballot	
5.13 Voiding of Ballot	
5.14 Extension of term to maintain minimum Number of Directors	
5.15 Appointment to fill Vacancy	17
5.16 Removal of Director	
5.17 Ceasing to be a Director	17
5.18 Remuneration of Directors and Reimbursement of Expense	17
5.19 Powers of the Board	
5.20 Policies and Procedures	

5.21 Investment of Property and Standard of Care	
5.22 Investment in Mutual or Pooled Funds	18
5.23 Investment Advice	18
5.24 Delegation of Investment Authority to Agent	
Part 6. Proceedings of The Board	
6.1 Procedure of Meetings	
6.2 Quorum	19
6.3 Chair of Meetings	19
6.4 Alternate Chair	19
6.5 Calling of Meetings	19
6.6 Notice	19
6.7 Passing Resolutions	19
6.8 Procedure for Voting	20
6.9 Resolution in Writing	20
Part 7. Committees	20
7.1 Creation and Delegation to Committees	20
7.2 Standing and Special Committees	20
7.3 Terms of Reference and Rules	20
7.4 Meetings	20
Part 8. Duties of Officers	21
8.1 Officers	21
8.2 Election of Officers	21
8.3 Removal of Officers	21
8.4 Replacement	21
8.5 Duties of President	21
8.6 Duties of Vice-President	21
8.7 Duties of Secretary	21
8.8 Duties of Treasurer	22
8.9 Absence of Secretary at Meeting	22
8.10 Combination of Offices of Secretary and Treasurer	22
Part 9. Execution of Instruments	22
9.1 No Seal	22
9.2 Execution of Instruments	22

Part 10. Borrowing	22
10.1 Powers of Directors	22
10.2 Issuance of Debentures	23
10.3 Restrictions on Borrowing Powers	23
Part 11. Auditor	23
11.1 Requirement	23
11.2 Appointment of Auditor at Annual General Meeting	23
11.3 Removal of Auditor	23
11.4 Notice of Appointment	23
11.5 Restrictions an Appointment	23
11.6 Attendance at Annual General Meetings	23
Part 12. Notices	23
12.1 Entitlement to Notice	23
12.2 Method of Giving Notice	24
12.3 When Notice Deemed to Have Been Received	24
12.4 Days to be Counted in Notice	24
Part 13. Miscellaneous	24
13.1 Inspection of Records	24
13.2 Electronic Participation in Meetings	24
13.3 Rules Governing Notice, Board Resolutions and Ordinary Resolutions	25
13.4 Right to become Member of other Society	25
13.5 Not a Reporting Society	25
Part 14. Indemnification	25
14.1 Indemnification of Directors and Officers	25
14.2 Indemnification of Past Directors and Officers	25
14.3 Advancement of Expenses	25
14.4 Approval of Court and Term of Indemnification	25
14.5 Indemnification not Invalidated by Non-Compliance	26
14.6 Purchase of Insurance	26
Part 15. Bylaws	26
15.1 Entitlement of Members to copy of Constitution and Bylaws	26
15.2 Special Resolution required to Alter or Add to Bylaws	26

### **CircusWest Bylaws**

### Part 1. Interpretation

### **1.1 Definitions**

In these Bylaws and the Constitution of the Society, unless the context otherwise requires:

- a) "Address of the Society" means the address of the Society as filed from time to time with the Registrar in the Notice of Address;
- b) **"Board"** means the Directors acting as authorized by the Constitution and these Bylaws in managing or supervising the management of the affairs of the Society and exercising the powers of the Society;
- c) "Board Resolution" means:
- I. a resolution passed at a duly constituted meeting of the Board by a simple majority of the votes cast by those Directors who are present and entitled to vote at such meeting; or
- II. a resolution that has been submitted to all Directors and consented to in writing by 75° o of the Directors who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution in person at a meeting of the Board, and a resolution so consented to is deemed to be an Board Resolution passed at a meeting of the Board;
  - d) "Bylaws" means the bylaws of the Society as filed in the Office of the Registrar,
  - e) "Constitution" means the constitution of the Society as filed in the Office of the Registrar;
  - f) "Directors" means those persons who have become directors in accordance with these Bylaws and have not ceased to be directors;
  - g) "Income Tax Act" means the Income Tax Act, R.S.C. 1985 (5th Supp), c.1 as amended from time to time;
  - h) "Members" means those Persons who have become members in accordance with these Bylaws and have not ceased to be members;
  - i) **"Mutatis mutandis"** means with the necessary changes having been made to ensure that the language makes sense in the context;
  - j) "Ordinary Resolution" means
- I. a resolution passed at a general meeting by the Members by a simple majority of the votes cast in person, or
- II. a resolution that has been submitted to the Members and consented to in writing by 75° o of the Members who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution in person at a general meeting Of the Society, and a resolution so consented to is deemed to be an Ordinary Resolution passed at a genera | meeting of the Society;
  - k) "Organization" means an association, corporation, partnership or society;
  - I) "Person" means a natural person;

- m) "President" means a Person elected to the office of President in accordance with these Bylaws;
- n) **"Registered Address"** of a Member or Director means the address of that Person as recorded in the register of Members or the register of Directors;
- o) "Registrar" means the Registrar of Companies of the Province of British Columbia;
- p) "Society" means "CircusWest Performing Arts Society";
- q) "Society Act" means the Society Act, R.S.B.C. 1996, c.433, as amended from time to time; and
- r) "Special Resolution" means:
- I. a resolution passed at a general meeting by a majority of not less than 75% of the votes of those Members who, being entitled to do so, vote in person,
- 1. of which the notice that the Bylaws provide, and not being less than 14 days' notice, specifying the intention to propose the resolution as a Special Resolution has been given, or
- 2. if every Member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting agrees, at a meeting of which less than 14 days' notice has been given, or
- II. a resolution that has been submitted to the Members and consented to in writing by every Member who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution in person at a general meeting of the Society, and a resolution so consented to is deemed to be a Special Resolution passed at a general meeting of the Society.

### **1.2 Society Act Definitions**

The definitions in the Society Act on the date these Bylaws become effective apply to these Bylaws and the Constitution.

### **1.3 Plural and Singular Forms**

In these Bylaws, a word defined in the plural form includes the singular and vice-versa.

### Part 2. - Membership

### 2.1 Membership

Membership in the Society will be restricted to:

- a) those Persons and Organizations who are Members in good standing on the date these Bylaws come into force; and
- b) those Persons and Organizations whose subsequent application for admission as a Member has been accepted by the Directors

provided, in each case, that such Person or Organization has not ceased to be a Member pursuant to hi 2.14.

### 2.2 Classes of Membership

There will be two (2) classes of voting membership, being voting member and life member and one (1) class of non-voting membership in the Society.

### **2.3 Voting Members**

A Person or Organization may be eligible to be accepted as a voting Member if:

- a) he, she or it is interested in supporting and advancing the programs and purposes of the Society; and
- b) in the case of a Person, he or she is 19 years of age or older.

A Person who is an employee of the Society will not be eligible to be a voting Member.

Voting Members are entitled to receive notice and to attend the general meetings of the Society, to vote at general meetings, to propose motions or resolutions, and, in the case of a Person, to hold office as a Director or officer of the Society.

### 2.4 Life Members

A Person who has made an outstanding contribution to the programs and purposes of the Society may be designated by Board resolution as a Life Member.

Life Members are deemed to continue from year to year exempt from the requirement to annually renew membership and are exempt from the payment of annual membership dues determined by the Board, if any.

Life Members are entitled to receive notice and to attend the general meetings of the Society, to vote at general meetings, to propose motions or resolutions and to hold office as a Director or officer of the Society.

## 2.5 Non-Voting Members

A Member or Director may nominate a Person for non-voting membership and on acceptance by Board Resolution the Person will be an honorary, non-voting Member.

Non-voting Members are entitled to receive notice and to attend the general meetings of the Society but are not entitled to vote at general meetings, to propose a motion or resolution, or to hold office as a Director or officer of the Society.

## 2.6 Application for Membership

A Person or Organization may apply to the Society in a form approved by the Board to become a Member and on acceptance by the Board will be a Member in the appropriate class as determined by the Board.

An application for membership must include payment of any applicable membership dues, fees, or levies.

The Board, in its sole discretion, may accept, postpone or refuse an application for membership by Board Resolution. If the Board postpones or refuses an application for membership, it will provide a brief statement of the reasons for the decision to the Person or Organization whose application is postponed or refused.

An Organization that is accepted as a Member must designate in writing delivered to the Address of the Society, a Person to exercise the rights of membership on behalf of the organization.

## 2.7 Membership not Transferable

Membership is not transferable.

### 2.8 Term of Membership

Once accepted by the Board as a Member of a specific class, a Person or Organization continues as a Member until August 31 of:

- a) the current calendar year, if the Person or Organization is accepted as a Member between January 1 and May 31; or
- b) the following calendar year, if the Person or Organization is accepted as a Member between June 1 and December 31.

### 2.9 Renewal and Reapplication of Membership

A Member may apply for renewal of his, her or its membership prior to its expiry in such manner as may be determined by the Board and may reapply for membership after its expiry in accordance with Bylaw 2.6.

A renewal of membership must include payment of any applicable membership dues, fees or levies.

Reapplications for membership are subject to acceptance by the Board.

#### **2.10 Dues**

The Board will, by Board Resolution, determine all dues payable by each class of Members from time to time and in the absence of such determination by the Board, dues for each class are deemed to be nil.

Life Members and non-voting Members are exempt from the payment of annual membership dues, but may, in the Board's discretion, be subject to other dues, fees and levies as determined by the Board from time to time.

The Board may determine that annual dues be pro-rated for a Member or for a class or classes of membership.

### **2.11 Standing of Members**

All Members are deemed to be in good standing except:

- a) a Member whose membership has been suspended or is otherwise subject to member discipline by the Board in accordance with the Society's discipline policies and procedures; or
- b) a Member who has failed to pay such membership dues, fees or levies as are determined by the Board, if any, when due and owing and such Member is not in good standing so long as such dues, fees or levies remain unpaid.

### 2.12 Compliance with Constitution, Bylaws and Policies

Every Member will, at all times:

- a) uphold the Constitution and comply with these Bylaws and the policies of the Society adopted by the Directors from time to time;
- b) abide by the Society's applicable codes of conduct, if any; and

c) further and not hinder the purposes, aims and objects of the Society.

### 2.13 Expulsion and Discipline of Member

A Member may be expelled, suspended or otherwise disciplined by Board Resolution for conduct which, in the Opinion of the Board:

- a) is improper or unbecoming for a Member;
- b) is likely to endanger the reputation or hinder the interests of the Society;
- c) is contrary to an applicable code of conduct; or
- d) is a breach of the Constitution, these Bylaws or such policies as may be established by the Board.

Notice of a Board Resolution to expel, suspend or discipline a Member will be accompanied by a brief statement of the reasons for the action and a copy of the notice will be provided to the Member who is the subject of it.

The Member who is the subject of the proposed expulsion, suspension or discipline will be provided an opportunity to respond to the statement of reasons at or before the time the Board Resolution is considered.

### 2.14 Cessation of Membership

A Person will immediately cease to be a Member:

- a) upon the date which is the later of the date of delivering his, her or its resignation in writing to the secretary of the Society or to the Address of the Society and the effective date of the resignation stated thereon; or
- b) at the conclusion of his, her or its term, unless renewed in accordance with Bylaw 2.9;
- c) upon the date which is 30 days from the date on which such Member ceased to be in good standing for non-payment of dues, fees or levies; or
- d) upon his, her or its expulsion; or
- e) upon his or her death, or in the case of an Organization, dissolution.

### Part 3. Meetings of Members

### **3.1 Time and Place of General Meetings**

The general meetings of the Society will be held at such time and place, in accordance with the Society Act, as the Board decides.

### **3.2 Extraordinary General Meeting**

Every general meeting other than an annual general meeting is an extraordinary general meeting.

### **3.3 Calling of Extraordinary General Meeting**

The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting.

### **3.4 Notice of General Meeting**

The Society will give not less than 14 days' written notice of a general meeting to those Members entitled to receive notice; but those Members may waive or reduce the period for a particular meeting by unanimous consent in writing.

#### **3.5 Contents of Notice**

Notice of a general meeting will specify the place, the day and the hour of the meeting and a brief summary of the business to be transacted at the meeting.

#### **3.6 Omission of Notice**

The accidental omission to give notice of a general meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice by, any Member entitled to receive notice does not invalidate proceedings at that meeting.

### **3.7 Annual General Meetings**

An annual general meeting will be held at least once in every calendar year and not more than 15 months after the holding of the last preceding annual general meeting.

### Part 4. Proceedings at General Meetings

#### 4.1 Business required at AGM

The following business is required to be conducted at the annual general meeting of the Society:

- a) the announcement or adoption of rules of order;
- b) consideration of the financial statements;
- c) consideration of the report of the Directors;
- d) consideration of the report of the auditor, it any;
- e) the election of Directors; and
- f) such other business that, under these Bylaws or any governing statutes, ought to be transacted at an annual general meeting, or business which is brought under consideration by the report of the Directors if the report was issued with the notice of the meeting.

#### **4.2 Requirement of Quorum**

No business, other than the election of a Person to chair the meeting and the adjournment or termination of the meeting, will be conducted at a general meeting at a time when a quorum is not present.

#### 4.3 Quorum

A quorum at a general meeting is ten (10) voting Members.

### 4.4 Lack of Quorum

If within 30 minutes from the time appointed for a general meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of Members, will be terminated; but in any other case it will stand adjourned to

the next day, at the same time and place, and if, at the adjourned meeting, a quorum is not present within 30 minutes from the time appointed for the meeting, the Members present will constitute a quorum.

### 4.5 Loss of Quorum

If at any time during a general meeting there ceases to be a quorum present, business then in progress will be suspended until there is a quorum present or until the meeting is adjourned or terminated.

### 4.6 Chair

The President (or, in the absence of the President, the vice-President) will, subject to a Board Resolution appointing another Person, chair all general meetings; but if at any general meeting the President, vice-president or such alternate Person appointed by a Board Resolution, is not present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the meeting or requests that he or she not chair that meeting, the Members present may choose one of their number to chair that meeting.

### 4.7 Alternate Chair

If a Person presiding as chair of a general meeting wishes to step down as chair for all or part of that meeting, he or she may designate an alternate to chair such meeting or portion thereof, and upon such designated alternate receiving the consent of a majority of the Members present at such meeting, he or she may preside as chair.

### 4.8 Adjournment

A general meeting may be adjourned from time to time and from place to place, but no business will be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

### 4.9 Notice of Adjournment

it is not necessary to give notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting except where a meeting is adjourned for more than 14 days, in which case notice of the adjourned meeting will be given as in the case of the original meeting.

### **4.10 Ordinary Resolution Sufficient**

Any issue at a general meeting which is not required by these Bylaws or the Society Act to be decided by a Special Resolution will be decided by an Ordinary Resolution.

### **4.11 Entitlement to Vote**

Each voting Member and each life Member in good standing is entitled to one (1) vote on all questions to which Members are entitled to vote.

Non-voting members, if any, are not entitled to a vote.

### 4.12 Decisions by Show of Hands, Voice Vote or Secret Ballot

Voting will be by show of hands or voice vote recorded by the secretary of the meeting, except that, at the request of any two (2) voting Members present at the meeting, a secret vote by written ballot will be required.

### 4.13 Voting by Proxy

Voting by proxy is not permitted.

### 4.14 Members Resolutions in Writing

An Ordinary Resolution or a Special Resolution may be in two or more counterparts which together and signed by the required number of Members will be deemed to constitute one Ordinary Resolution or Special Resolution, as the case may be. Such resolution will be filed with minutes of the proceedings of the Members and will be deemed to be passed on the date stated therein or, in the absence of such a date being stated, on the latest date stated on any counterpart.

### 4.15 Special Resolutions to be filed with the Registrar

Any Special Resolution passed in accordance with the Bylaws will be filed with the Registrar in the appropriate form and will not take effect until such copy is accepted by the Registrar.

### Part 5. Directors

### **5.1 Powers of Directors**

The Board may exercise as such powers and do a;; such acts and things as the society may exercise and do and which are not by these Bylaws or by statue or otherwise lawfully directed or required to be exercised or done buy the members in the general meeting, but nevertheless subject to the provisions of:

- a) all laws affecting the Society; and
- b) these Bylaws and the Constitution.

### **5.2 Management of Property and Affairs**

The property and the affairs of the Society will be managed by the Board.

### **5.3 Directors Subscribe to and Support Purposes**

Every Director will unreservedly subscribe to and support the purposes of the Society.

### **5.4 Composition of Board**

The Board will be composed of a number of directors to be set by Board Resolution from time to time, which number will be between three (3) and eleven (11).

### **5.5 Invalidation of Acts**

No act or proceeding of the Board is invalid by reason only of there being less than the prescribed number of Directors in office.

### **5.6 Eligibility of Directors**

A Person is not qualified to become or act as a Director if he or she:

- a) is under 19 years of age;
- b) is declared by a court to be incapable of managing his or her own affairs;
- c) is an undercharged bankrupt; or
- d) has been convicted in the past five years of an offence involving
  - a. The promotion, formation or management of and Organization; or
  - b. Fraud

#### **5.7 Election of Directors**

Directors will be elected by Members at a general meeting and will take office commencing at the close of such meeting.

#### **5.8 Term of Office**

Elections for Directors will normally be held at the annual general meeting and the term of office of Directors will normally be two (2) years. However the Directors may by Board Resolution determine that some or all vacant Directors' positions will have a term of less than two (2) years, the length of such term to be determined by the Directors in their discretion.

For purposes of calculating the duration of a Director's term of office, the term will be deemed to commence at the close of the annual general meeting at which such Director was elected. If, however, the Director was elected at an extraordinary general meeting his or her term of office will be deemed to have commenced at the close of the annual general meeting next following such extraordinary general meeting.

### **5.9 Consecutive Terms and Term Limits**

Directors may be elected for up to three (3) consecutive terms. A Person who has served three (3) consecutive terms as a Director may not be re-elected for at least one (1) year following the expiry of his or her latest term.

### 5.10 Transition

On the coming into force of these Bylaws, the above term limits will not automatically apply to current Directors and the Board will, by Board Resolution, determine the remaining terms available for each of the Directors.

### **5.11 Election by Acclamation**

In elections where the number of candidates is equal to or less than the number of vacant positions for Directors, the nominated candidates are deemed to be elected by acclamation.

### **5.12 Election by Secret Ballot**

In elections where there are more candidates than vacant positions for Directors, election will be by secret ballot with the name of each duly nominated candidate appearing individually on the ballot. Candidates will be deemed to be elected in order of those candidates receiving the most votes.

### 5.13 Voiding of Ballot

No Member will vote for more Directors than the number of vacant positions for Directors. Any ballot on which more names are voted for than there are vacant positions will be deemed to be void.

### **5.14 Extension of term to maintain minimum Number of Directors**

Every Director serving a term of office will retire from office at the close of the annual general meeting in the year in which his or her term expires; but if no successor is elected and the result is that the number of Directors would fall below the number determined by the Board in accordance with Bylaw 5.4, the Person (or Persons) previously elected as Directors may continue to hold office until such time as successor Directors are elected.

### **5.15 Appointment to fill Vacancy**

If a Director ceases to hold office, the Board may appoint a voting Member as a replacement Director to take the place of such Director until the next annual general meeting.

### **5.16 Removal of Director**

The Members may remove a Director before the expiration of such Director's term of office by Special Resolution and may elect a replacement Director by Ordinary Resolution to serve for the balance of the removed Director's term.

### 5.17 Ceasing to be a Director

A Person will automatically cease to be a Director:

- (a) upon the date which is the later of the date of delivering his or her resignation in writing to the secretary of the Society or to the Address of the Society and the effective date of the resignation stated therein; or
- (b) upon the expiry of his or her term;
- (c) upon the date such Person ceases to be eligible under Bylaw 5.6; or
- (d) upon his or her removal; or
- (e) upon his or her death.

#### 5.18 Remuneration of Directors and Reimbursement of Expenses

A Director is not entitled to any remuneration for acting as a Director, provided that a Director may be reimbursed for all expenses necessarily and reasonably incurred by him or her while engaged in the affairs of the Society.

### 5.19 Powers of the Board

The Board will have the power to make expenditures, including grants, gifts and loans, whether or not secured or interest-bearing, in furtherance of the purposes of the Society. The Board will also have the power to enter into trust arrangements or contracts on behalf of the Society in furtherance of the purposes of the Society.

### **5.20 Policies and Procedures**

The Board may establish such rules, regulations, policies or procedures relating to the affairs of the Society as it deems expedient, provided that no rule, regulation, policy or procedure is valid to the extent that it is inconsistent with the Society Act, the Constitution or these Bylaws.

### 5.21 Investment of Property and Standard of Care

If the Board is required to invest funds on behalf of the Society, the Board may invest the property of the Society in any form of property or security in which a prudent investor might invest. The standard of care required of the Directors is that they will exercise the care, skill, diligence and judgment that a prudent investor would exercise in making investments in light of the purposes and distribution requirements of the Society.

### **5.22 Investment in Mutual or Pooled Funds**

The property of the Society may be invested by the Board, or by any agent or delegate of the Board, in any mutual fund, common trust fund, pooled fund or similar investment.

### 5.23 Investment Advice

The Directors may obtain advice with respect to the investment of the property of the Society and may rely on such advice if a prudent investor would rely upon the advice in comparable circumstances.

### 5.24 Delegation of Investment Authority to Agent

The Directors may delegate to a stockbroker, investment dealer, or investment counsel the degree of authority with respect to the investment of the Society's property that a prudent investor might delegate in accordance with ordinary business practice.

### Part 6. Proceedings of The Board

### **6.1 Procedure of Meetings**

Meetings of the Board may be held at any time and place determined by the Board, provided that two (2) days' notice of such meeting will be sent to each Director. However, no formal notice will be necessary if all Directors were present at the preceding meeting when the time and place of the meeting were determined or

are present at the meeting or waive notice thereof in writing or give a prior verbal waiver to the secretary of the Society.

### 6.2 Quorum

The Board may from time to time fix the quorum necessary to transact business and, unless so fixed, the quorum will be a majority of the Directors.

A Director who has, or may have, an interest (or who, in the determination of the Board, may be reasonably perceived as having an interest) in a proposed contract or transaction with the Society will be counted in the quorum at a meeting of the Board at which the proposed contract or transaction is considered but is not entitled to vote on the proposed contract or transaction.

### 6.3 Chair of Meetings

The President (or, in the absence of the President, the vice-President) will, subject to a Board Resolution appointing another Person, chair all meetings of the Board; but if at any Board meeting the President, vice-president or such alternate Person appointed by a Board Resolution is not present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, or requests that he or she not chair that meeting, the Directors present may choose one of their number to chair that meeting.

### **6.4 Alternate Chair**

if the Person presiding as chair of a meeting of the Board wishes to step down as chair for all or part of that meeting, he or she may designate an alternate to chair such meeting or portion thereof, and upon such designated alternate receiving the consent of a majority of the Directors present at such meeting, he or she may preside as chair.

### **6.5 Calling of Meetings**

The President may at any time call a meeting of the Board.

The secretary will, at the request of any two (2) Directors, call a meeting of the Board.

### 6.6 Notice

For the purposes of the first meeting of the Board held immediately following the appointment or election of a Director or Directors at an annual or other general meeting, or for the purposes of a meeting of the Board at which a Director is appointed to fill a vacancy in the Board, it is not necessary to give notice of the meeting to the newly elected or appointed Director or Directors for the meeting to be properly constituted.

### 6.7 Passing Resolutions

Any issue at a meeting of the Board which is not required by these Bylaws or the Society Act to be decided by a resolution requiring more than a simple majority will be decided by Board Resolution.

### 6.8 Procedure for Voting

Voting will be by show of hands or voice vote recorded by the secretary of the meeting except that, at the request of any one Director, a secret vote by written ballot will be required.

### 6.9 Resolution in Writing

A Board Resolution may be in two or more counterparts which together will be deemed to constitute one resolution in writing. Such resolution will be filed with minutes of the proceedings of the Board and will be deemed to be passed on the date stated therein or, in the absence of such a date being stated, on the latest date stated on any counterpart.

### Part 7. Committees

### 7.1 Creation and Delegation to Committees

The Board may create such standing and special committees as may from time to time be required. Any such committee will limit its activities to the purpose or purposes for which it is appointed and will have no powers except those specifically conferred by a Board Resolution.

The Board may delegate any, but not all, of its powers to committees which may be in whole or in part composed of Directors as it thinks fit.

### 7.2 Standing and Special Committees

Unless specifically designated as a standing committee, a committee is deemed to be a special committee and any special committee so created must be created for a specified time period only.

A special committee will automatically be dissolved upon the earlier of the following:

- (a) the completion of the specified time period; or
- (b) the completion of the task for which it was created.

Any committee may be dissolved by Board Resolution at any time, in the Board's sole discretion.

### 7.3 Terms of Reference and Rules

In the event the Board decides to create a committee, it must establish Terms of Reference for such committee. A committee, in the exercise of the powers delegated to it, will conform to any rules that may from time to time be imposed by the Board in the Terms of Reference or otherwise, and will report every act or thing done in exercise of those powers at the next meeting of the Board held after it has been done, or at such other time or times as the Board may determine.

### 7.4 Meetings

The members of a committee may meet and adjourn as they think proper and meetings of the committees will be governed mutatis mutandis by the rules set out in these Bylaws governing

proceedings of the Board.

### Part 8. Duties of Officers

#### 8.1 Officers

The officers of the Society are the President, vice-president, secretary and treasurer, together with such other offices, if any, as the Board, in its discretion, may create.

The Board may, by Board Resolution, create and remove such other offices of the Corporation as it deems necessary and determine the duties, responsibilities and term, if any, of all officers.

### **8.2 Election of Officers**

At each meeting of the Board immediately following an annual general meeting, the Board will elect the officers. All officers must be Directors. Officers will hold office until the first meeting of the Board held after the next following annual general meeting.

#### **8.3 Removal of Officers**

A Person may be removed as an officer by Board Resolution.

#### 8.4 Replacement

Should the President or any other officer for any reason not be able to complete his or her term, the Board will remove such officer from his or her office and will elect a replacement without delay.

#### **8.5 Duties of President**

The President will supervise the other officers in the execution of their duties and will preside at all meetings of the Society and of the Board.

#### 8.6 Duties of Vice-President

The vice-president will assist the President in the execution of his or her duties and will carry-out those duties in the absence of the President. The vice-President will carry out such other duties and responsibilities as may be assigned by Board Resolution.

#### 8.7 Duties of Secretary

The secretary will be responsible for making the necessary arrangements for:

- (a) the issuance of notices of meetings of the Society and the Board;
- (b) the keeping of minutes of all meetings of the Society and the Board;
- (c) the custody of all records and documents of the Society, except those required to be kept by the treasurer;
- (d) the maintenance of the register of Members; and
- (e) the conduct of the correspondence of the Society.

#### **8.8 Duties of Treasurer**

The treasurer will be responsible for making the necessary arrangements for:

- (a) the keeping of such financial records, reports and returns, including books of account, as are necessary to comply with the Society Act and the Income Tax Act; and
- (b) the rendering of financial statements to the Directors, Members and others, when required.

#### 8.9 Absence of Secretary at Meeting

If the secretary is absent from any meeting of the Society or the Board, the Directors present will appoint another person to act as secretary at that meeting.

#### 8.10 Combination of Offices of Secretary and Treasurer

The offices of secretary and treasurer may be held by one Person who will be known as the secretary-treasurer.

### Part 9. Execution of Instruments

#### 9.1 No Seal

The Society will not have a seal.

#### **9.2 Execution of Instruments**

Contracts, documents or instruments in writing requiring the signature of the Society may be signed as follows:

- (a) by the President, together with one other director, or
- (b) in the event that the President is unable to provide a signature, by any two Directors

And all contracts, documents and instruments in writing so signed will be binding upon the Society without any further authorization or formality.

The Board will have power from time to time by Board Resolution to appoint any officer or officers, or any Person or Persons, on behalf of the Society either to sign contracts, documents and instruments in writing generally or to sign specific contracts, documents or instruments in writing.

### Part 10. Borrowing

#### **10.1 Powers of Directors**

In order to carry out the purposes of the Society, the Board may, on behalf of and in the name of the Society, raise or secure the payment or repayment of money in any manner it decides, including the granting of guarantees, and in particular, but without limiting the foregoing, by the issue of debentures.

#### **10.2** Issuance of Debentures

No debenture will be issued without the authorization of a Special Resolution.

#### **10.3 Restrictions on Borrowing Powers**

The Members may by Ordinary Resolution restrict the borrowing powers of the Board.

#### Part 11. Auditor

#### **11.1 Requirement**

The Society is not required to be audited; however, if it wishes to be audited, it is required to appoint an external auditor with the qualifications described in section 42 of the Society Act.

#### **11.2 Appointment of Auditor at Annual General Meeting**

if the Society wishes to appoint an auditor at or after its first annual general meeting, that auditor will be appointed at an annual general meeting, to hold office until he, she or it is reappointed or his, her or its successor is appointed at the next following annual general meeting in accordance with the procedures set out in the Society Actor until the Society no longer wishes to appoint an auditor.

#### **11.3 Removal of Auditor**

An auditor may be removed by Ordinary Resolution in accordance with the procedures set out in the Society Act.

#### **11.4 Notice of Appointment**

An auditor will be promptly informed in writing of his, her or its appointment or removal.

#### **11.5 Restrictions an Appointment**

No Director or employee of the Society will act as auditor.

#### **11.6 Attendance at Annual General Meetings**

The auditor may attend general meetings.

#### Part 12. Notices

#### **12.1 Entitlement to Notice**

Notices of a general meeting will be given to:

- (a) every Person shown on the register of Members as a Member on the day the notice is given; and
- (b) the auditor. No other Person is entitled to be given notice of a general meeting.

### **12.2 Method of Giving Notice**

A notice may be given to a Member or a Director either personally, by delivery, courier or by mail posted to such Person's Registered Address, or, where the member has provided a fax number or electronic mail address, by fax or electronic mail, respectively.

#### **12.3 When Notice Deemed to Have Been Received**

A notice sent by mail will be deemed to have been given on the day following that on which the notice was posted. In proving that notice has been given, it is sufficient to prove the notice was properly addressed and put in a Canadian Government post office receptacle with adequate postage affixed, provided that it, between the time of posting and the deemed giving of the notice, a mail strike or other labour dispute which might reasonably be expected to delay the delivery of such notice by the mails occurs, then such notice will only be effective when actually received.

Any notice delivered personally, by delivery or courier, facsimile, or electronic mail will be deemed to have been given on the day it was so delivered or sent.

### 12.4 Days to be Counted in Notice

If a number of days' notice or a notice extending over any other period is required to be given, the day the notice is given or deemed to have been given and the day on which the event for which notice is given will not be counted in the number of days required.

### Part 13. Miscellaneous

#### **13.1 Inspection of Records**

The documents, including the books of account, of the Society and the minutes of meetings of the Society and the Board will be open to the inspection of the Directors. The minutes of any meeting of the Society will be open to the inspection of Members in good standing upon reasonable notice to the keeper of such documents but the Members will not be entitled or have the right to inspect any other document of the Society.

### **13.2 Electronic Participation in Meetings**

The Board may determine to hold any general meeting or meeting of the Board, and a committee may determine to hold any meeting of that committee, to allow for participation, whether in whole or in part, by telephone, video conference call or similar communication equipment that allows all the Members, Directors, or Persons participating in the meeting to hear and respond to one another contemporaneously.

All such Members, Directors, or Persons so participating in any such meeting will be deemed to be present in person at the stated location of such meeting and, notwithstanding the foregoing Bylaws, will be entitled to vote by a voice vote recorded by the secretary of such meeting. This method of voting may from time to time be used for passing resolutions.

### **13.3 Rules Governing Notice, Board Resolutions and Ordinary Resolutions**

The rules governing when notice is deemed to have been given set out in these Bylaws will apply mutatis mutandis to determine when a Board Resolution will be deemed to have been submitted to all of the Directors and when an Ordinary Resolution will be deemed to have been submitted to all of the Members.

### 13.4 Right to become Member of other Society

The Society will have the right to subscribe to, become a member of, and cooperate with any other society, corporation or association whose purposes or objectives are in whole or in part similar to the Society's purposes.

### **13.5 Not a Reporting Society**

Subject to an order of the Registrar pursuant to the Society Act stating that the Society is a "reporting society" as defined under the Society Act, the Society is not a "reporting society".

### Part 14. Indemnification

### **14.1 Indemnification of Directors and Officers**

Subject to the provisions of the Society Act, each Director and each officer of the Society will be indemnified by the Society against all costs, charges and expenses reasonably incurred in connection with any claim, action, suit or proceeding to which that Person may be made a party by reason of being or having been a Director or officer of the Society, except in relation to matters as to which he or she will be finally adjudged in such action, suitor proceeding to have been derelict in the performance of his or her duty as an officer or director. "Derelict" will mean grossly negligent, criminally negligent or intentionally engaged in tortious conduct with the intent to defraud, deceive, misrepresent or take advantage improperly of an opportunity available to the Society.

### **14.2 Indemnification of Past Directors and Officers**

To the extent permitted by the Society Act, the Society will indemnify every Person heretofore now serving as a Director or officer of the Society and that Person's heirs and personal representative.

### **14.3 Advancement of Expenses**

To the extent permitted by the Society Act, all costs, charges and expenses incurred by a Director or officer with respect to any claim, action, suit or proceeding may be advanced by the Society prior to the final disposition thereof, in the discretion of the Board, and upon receipt of an undertaking satisfactory in form and amount to the Board by or on behalf of the recipient to repay such amount unless it is ultimately determined that the recipient is entitled to indemnification hereunder.

### 14.4 Approval of Court and Term of Indemnification

The Society will apply to the court for any approval of the court which may be required to ensure that the indemnities herein are effective and enforceable. Each Director and each officer of the Society on being

elected or appointed will be deemed to have contracted with the Society upon the terms of the foregoing indemnities.

### 14.5 Indemnification not Invalidated by Non-Compliance

The failure of a Director or officer of the Society to comply with the provisions of the Society Act, or of the Constitution or these Bylaws, will not invalidate any indemnity to which he or she is entitled under this part.

### **14.6 Purchase of Insurance**

The Society will purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of any or all Directors, officers, employees or agents against personal liability incurred by any such Person as a Director, officer, employee or agent.

### Part 15. Bylaws

### **15.1 Entitlement of Members to copy of Constitution and Bylaws**

On being admitted to membership, each Member is entitled to, and upon request the Board will provide him or her with, a copy of the Constitution and Bylaws of the Society.

### 15.2 Special Resolution required to Alter or Add to Bylaws

These Bylaws will not be altered or added to except by Special Resolution